





Speed Management Briefing:

Recommended Speed Limit Modifications for Urban Core, Residential, and Downtown Streets

Urban Transportation Commission | May 15, 2020





Engineering Recommendation

Based on a comprehensive traffic engineering study, the Office of the City Traffic Engineer has determined that roadway speeds across a wide range of roadways in Austin should be reduced to achieve safe and prudent speeds

- Urban Core Arterials
- Neighborhood Streets
- Downtown Streets







Briefing Agenda

- Speed Management Program Overview
- Engineering Study Methodology
- Detailed Findings and Recommendations
 - Urban Core Study
 - Residential & Downtown Core Streets
- Next Steps







Speed Management Program

Mission:

- Improve safety and enhance the livability of Austin streets
- Implement context-appropriate speed reduction strategies

Objective:

- Reduce the likelihood of serious injury and fatal crashes
- Reduce egregious speeding on all street levels







Speed Management Program

- Speed is one of four behaviors which contribute to most of the fatal crashes
- Speeding is the primary contributing factor in ~1/4 of Austin traffic fatality crashes
- 3,107 Years of Life Lost (2019)



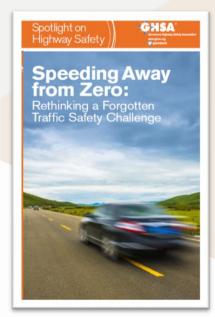


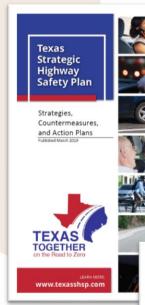




Engineering Study Methodology

Review of Best Practices









Urban

Design



tions and an appendix. The first section describes the motivation for the research and the scope of NCHRP Project 3-67. The





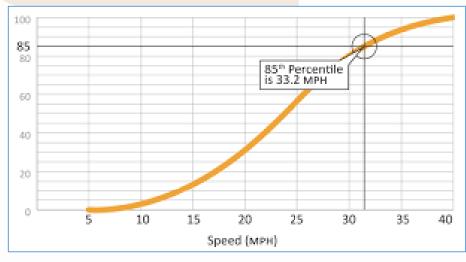




Engineering Study Methodology

Historical Engineering Approach → Expert Systems (USLIMITS2)

85th Percentile Speed as Primary Input











15 Different Inputs

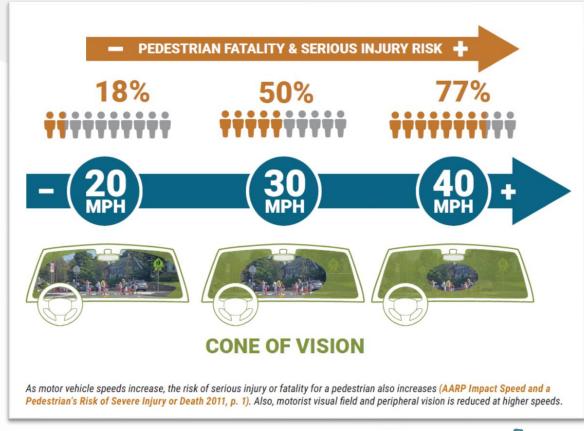
- 50th percentile speed
- Driveway Density
- Traffic Controls
- Adjacent Land Use
- Bike/Ped Activity
- Crash History
- Plus Others





Process

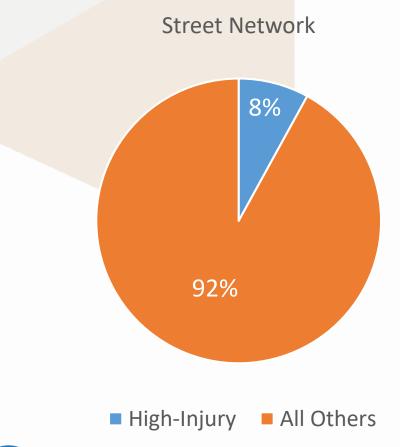
- Office of the City Traffic Engineer can recommend speed limit modifications based on an engineering study
- Texas Transportation Code, Section 545.356, and City of Austin Code, Chapter 12
- Focused on streets with greater operating speeds
- Collected data on 80% Urban Core Network



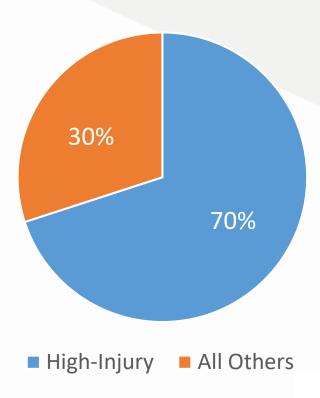




High Injury Network







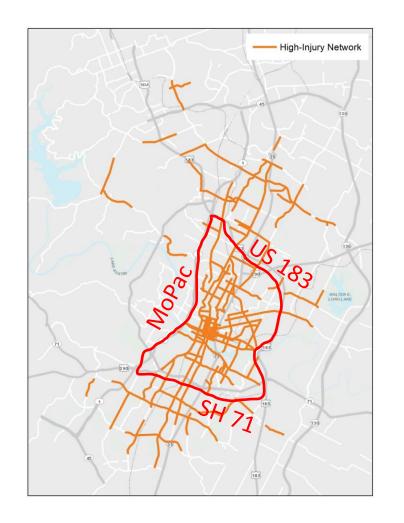




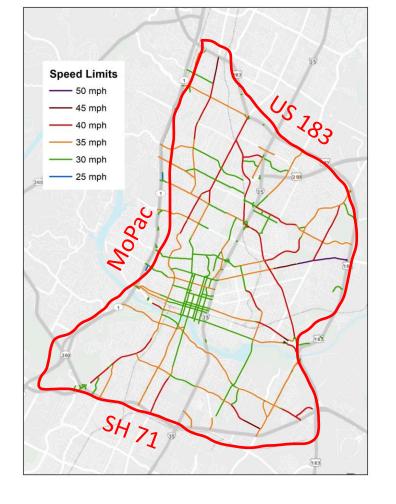


^{*}High Injury Network developed in 2019 based on data from 2013-2017

High-Injury Network / Study Boundaries













Prior Council Action

Street Name	Prior Posted Speed	New Posted Speed
Airport Boulevard (IH-35 to Glissman Road)	45/50 MPH	40 MPH
Cameron Road (US 290 to Park Center Drive)	40 MPH	35 MPH
Grove Boulevard (Riverside Dr. to Montopolis Dr.)	45 MPH	40 MPH
Lamar Boulevard (Barton Skyway to SH71)	45 MPH	40 MPH
Montopolis Drive (Riverside Drive to Burleson Road)	45 MPH	35 MPH
Pleasant Valley Road (Webberville Rd. to Riverside Dr.)	45 MPH	35 MPH
Riverside Drive (Crossing Place to SH 71)	40/45 MPH	35/40 MPH
Stassney Lane (Teri Road to Burleson Road)	45/55 MPH	35/50 MPH

(Ordinances passed September 19, 2019)







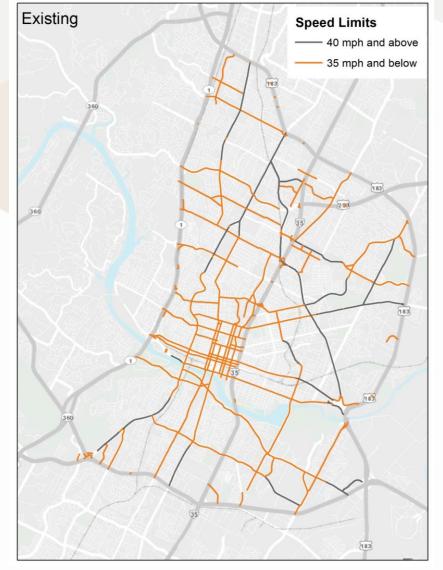
Urban Core Study: Findings & Recommendations

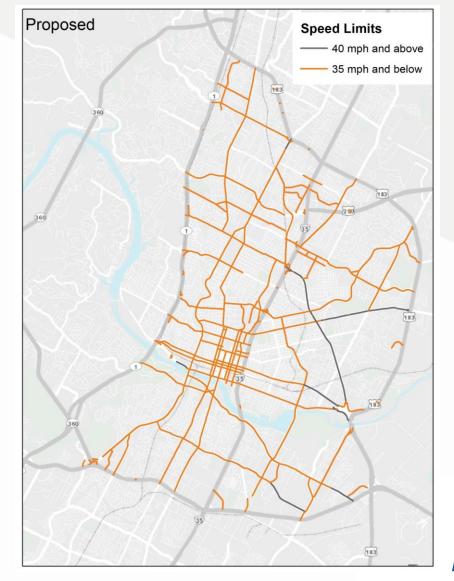
 Office of the City Traffic Engineer has determined a 35 mph speed limit should be established in the Urban Core, with the following exceptions:

Street Name	Prior Posted Speed	New Posted Speed
7 th Street (Brushy Street to Pleasant Valley Drive)	35/40 MPH	30 MPH
7 th Street (Shady Lane to Airport Boulevard)	45 MPH	40 MPH
51st Street (IH-35 to Berkman Drive)	40 MPH	30 MPH
Cesar Chavez Street (Shady Lane to Airport Boulevard)	45 MPH	40 MPH
Cesar Chavez Street (Lamar Boulevard to San Antonio Street)	35 MPH	30 MPH
Lamar Boulevard (Cesar Chavez Street to 15 th Street)	35 MPH	30 MPH
Manor Road (IH-35 to Berkman Drive)	35/40 MPH	30 MPH
Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard (J.J. Seabrook Drive to US 183)	50 MPH	45 MPH
Oltorf Street (Alvin Devane Boulevard to Montopolis Drive)	45 MPH	40 MPH



Urban Core Study: Findings & Recommendations











Process

- Office of the City Traffic Engineer can recommend speed limit modifications based on an engineering study
- Texas Transportation Code, Section 545.356, and City of Austin Code, Chapter 12
- Residential streets: non-arterial (non-major) streets with some portion of adjacent front- or side-facing residential land use
- Sampled data on ~600 streets and calculated statistical values for ~100 to determine how the built environment influences prevailing speeds



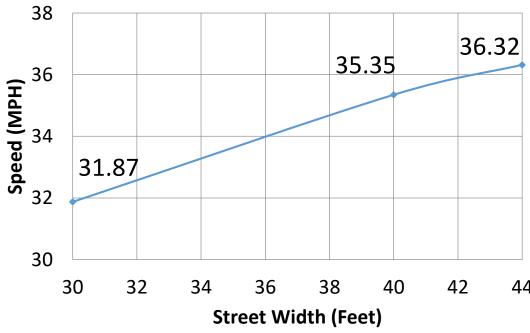




Findings

- Speeds increase in a nearly linear relationship to street width
- Speeds are most influenced by onstreet parking utilization, conflicts from driveways, and visual cues from adjacent front-facing residences
- Street widths less than 36 feet cause yield-flow operation

Prevailing Speed as a Function of Street Width





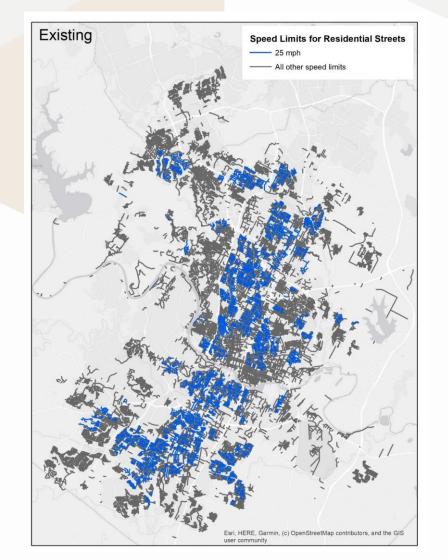


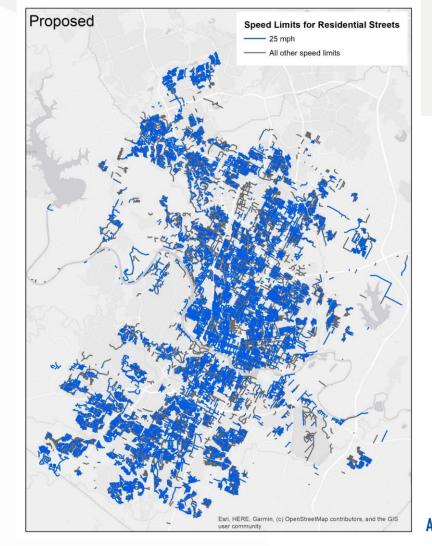
- Residential Streets 36 feet or less in width
 - Establish a citywide speed limit of 25 mph
 - Based on determination this is a safe and prudent speed by means of this engineering evaluation
- Residential Streets between 36 feet and 40 feet in width
 - Establish a speed limit of 25 mph if determined to be reasonable and prudent
 - Would be based on subsequent individual evaluation or by implementation of appropriate speed mitigation measures

















Findings

- ATD studied residential streets with existing speed limits greater than 30 mph or widths greater than 36 feet
- ATD considered each residential street to determine whether more safe and prudent speed limits should be set consistent with other residential streets of similar operating characteristics







- Lower the speed limits on eighteen (18) specific residential streets to be consistent with others having similar operating characteristics and which do not meet with criteria under Recommendation 1.
- Streets and recommended speed limits:
 - Beckett Rd: 35
 - Berkman Dr: 30
 - Bilbrook PI: 30
 - Bull Creek Rd: 30
 - Deer Ln: 30
 - Duval St: 30

- Exchange Dr: 35
- Exposition Blvd: 30
- Hancock Dr: 30
- Jones Rd: 30
- La Crosse Ave: 35
- Latta Dr: 35

- Manor Rd: 30
- McCarty Ln: 30
- Oak Springs Dr: 30
- Parker Ln: 30
- Lakeshore Blvd: 30
- St. Johns Ave: 30







Findings

- Downtown core is bounded by N Lamar Boulevard, E/W Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard, IH-35 Southbound Frontage Road, and Lady Bird Lake
- Much of the downtown core of the City was built on a grid layout with consistent block lengths
- Operation is typically controlled by traffic signals set at a progression speed or all-way stop signs
- Streets have consistent, and generally slower, prevailing speeds less than the nominally posted speed limit of 30 mph



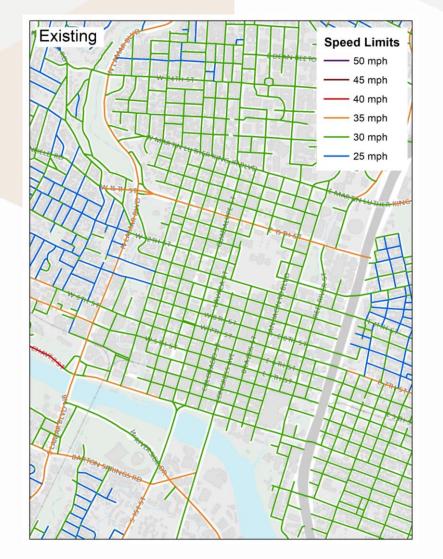


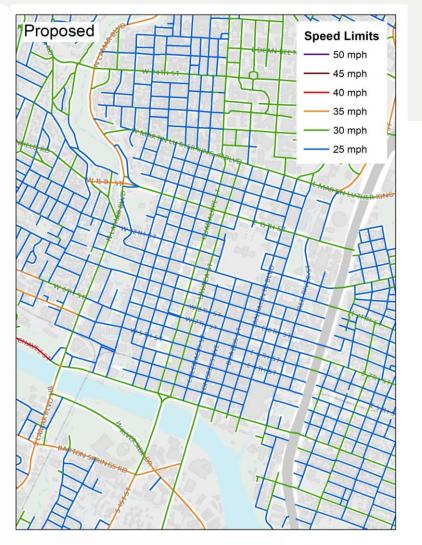


- Set a speed limit of 25 mph on the Downtown Street network bounded by N Lamar Boulevard, E/W Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard, IH-35 Southbound Frontage Road, and Lady Bird Lake
- Streets to remain at 30 mph include N Lamar Boulevard, Guadalupe Street, Lavaca Street, and E/W Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard
- Streets to lower from 35 mph to 30 mph include E/W 15th Street and E/W Cesar Chavez Street
- Traffic signal timings should be reviewed and set to 25 mph progression speed where possible















Next Steps

Public Process

- May 15 Urban Transportation Commission (Briefing and discussion)
- May 28 Mobility Committee (Briefing and discussion)
- June 11 City Council Meeting (Ordinance posted for approval)

Sign Installation Plan

Public Awareness Effort





SPEED

LIMIT

UNLESS

OTHERWISE







Questions

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