MEMORANDUM

November 20, 2019

TO:

Health and Human Services Committee

FROM:

Amanda Mihill, Legislative Attorney

SUBJECT:

Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation - Flavored Electronic Cigarettes

Resolution to adopt Bill 32-19 as a Board of Health regulation ¹

PURPOSE:

Worksession - Committee to make recommendations on Bill and Resolution

Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation – Flavored Electronic Cigarettes and a Resolution to adopt Bill 32-19 as a Board of Health regulation, sponsored by Lead Sponsors Councilmembers Riemer and Albornoz and Co-Sponsors Councilmember Hucker, Council Vice President Katz, Council President Navarro and Councilmembers Jawando and Glass, was introduced on October 1. A public hearing was held on November 5 on ZTA 19-06, Vape Shops along with related Bills 29-19 and 31-19 and their companion resolutions adopting each Bill as a Board of Health regulation.

Bill 32-19 and the Regulation would prohibit an electronic smoking devices manufacturer from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to stores within 1 mile of an elementary, middle, or high school. The Resolution would adopt the bill as a Board of Health regulation. A memorandum from the sponsors of Bill 32-19 is on ©7. Additional background material, including the reasons for introducing Bills 29-19, 31-19, and 32-19 is in the packet for Bill 29-19 and is not reprinted here.

Public Hearing

The Council held a public hearing on November 5 on Bill 29-19 and its companion regulation as well as related Bills 31-19 and 32-19 and ZTA 19-06. It was a joint hearing and most written testimony submitted on these bills is attached to this staff report. If testimony/correspondence was submitted specifically referencing Bills 29-19 or 31-19, that testimony/correspondence is in the staff report for those bills. Similarly, to the extent that testimony/correspondence was submitted on the ZTA, that testimony will be attached to the staff report for the ZTA when it is taken up by the Council's Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee.

[#]VapeFreeMontgomery

Testimony and correspondence specific to Bill 32-19 is attached on ©15-26. Specific to Bill 29-19, the Maryland Association of Convenience Stores and Energy Distributors opposed Bill 32-19, but recommended legislation that includes penalties for use and possession of vape products by individuals under 21 (©26).

Issues for Committee Discussion

Should the Council refrain from enacting Bill 32-19? The American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network, American Heart Association, and American Lung Association submitted a joint letter to the Council urging the Council to "hold off moving forward" with Bill 32-19 because of their assertion that the County cannot regulate all flavored tobacco products. These organizations argue that without a comprehensive prohibition, the bill will not be as effective or "end the epidemic". Instead, these organizations indicate that a statewide bill will be introduced in the General Assembly in 2020 that will ban all flavored tobacco products. Instead of enacting Bill 32-19, these organizations prefer for the County to support the statewide bill (©22-24).

Council staff comments: Council staff agrees that a statewide bill to ban flavors of e-cigarettes and tobacco products would be a favorable development. However, that does not, and should not, preclude the Council from enacting Bill 32-19. The Council has led on many important initiatives, especially health initiatives. For instance, regulating electronic cigarettes well before the General Assembly has as well as nutrition labeling. There is no guarantee that the state or federal governments will be successful in moving legislation during the next year, or ultimately what the legislation might include.

Furthermore, even if Bill 32-19 does not "end the epidemic", it can certainly be helpful in addressing it. The Council has the authority to act in this regard and Council staff recommends the Council use that authority.

Overlap with Bill 29-19. As introduced, Bill 29-19 would prohibit a manufacturer from distributing electronic cigarettes to retail stores within 0.5 miles of middle and high schools in the County. As introduced, Bill 32-19 would prohibit a manufacturer from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to retail stores within 1.0 miles of elementary, middle, or high school, library, park, playground, or recreational facility in the County.

Council staff comments: Bill 29-19 covers a broader array of products (i.e., any electronic cigarette product, including flavored electronic cigarettes) while Bill 32-19 covers a broader area of the County. Council staff supports both bills and recommends enactment of these measures; Committee members may want to discuss whether these bills could be consolidated into 1 bill or whether the Committee prefers a different approach that separates flavored electronic cigarettes from other electronic cigarette products. If the Committee prefers to consolidate the bills, Bill 29-19 and/or 32-19 could be amended to combine the substantive provisions of each bill.

This packet contains:	Circle #
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Bill No 32-19
Concerning: Health and Sanitation -
Flavored Electronic Cigarettes
Revised: <u>9/25/2019</u> Draft No. <u>4</u>
introduced: October 1, 2019
Expires: April 1, 2021
Enacted:
Executive:
Effective:
Sunset Date: None
Ch, Laws of Mont. Co

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

Lead Sponsors: Councilmembers Riemer and Albornoz Co-Sponsors: Councilmember Hucker, Council Vice President Katz, Council President Navarro, and Councilmembers Jawando and Glass

AN ACT to:

- (1) prohibit an electronic smoking devices manufacturer from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to certain retail stores in the County; and
- (2) generally amend County law regarding smoking, electronic cigarettes, and health and sanitation.

By amending

Montgomery County Code Chapter 24, Health and Sanitation Section 24-15

Boldface Heading or defined term.

<u>Underlining</u>
Added to existing law by original bill.
[Single boldface brackets]

Deleted from existing law by original bill.

Double underlining Added by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.

Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

1	Sec.	1. Section 24-15 is amended as follows:
2	[24-15] <u>24</u> -	-16 — 24-21. Reserved.
3	24-15. Dis	tribution of flavored electronic cigarettes.
4	<u>(a)</u>	Definition. In this Section, the following words have the meanings
5		indicated:
6		Characterizing flavor means a distinguishing taste or aroma, other than
7		the taste or aroma of tobacco, imparted either before or during use of an
8		electronic cigarette or component part. Characterizing flavor includes
9		any taste or aroma relating to any fruit, mint, menthol, wintergreen,
10		chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb,
11		or spice. However, an electronic cigarette is not deemed to have a
12		characterizing flavor solely because of the use of additives or flavorings
13		or the provision of ingredient information.
14		Constituent means any ingredient, substance, chemical, or compound,
15		other than nicotine, tobacco, water, or reconstituted tobacco sheet, that is
16		added by the manufacturer to an electronic cigarette during the
17		processing, manufacture or packing of the electronic cigarette.
18		Distribute means to:
19		(1) give away, sell, deliver, dispense, or issue;
20		(2) offer to give away, sell, deliver, dispense, or issue; or
21		(3) cause or hire any person to give away, sell, deliver, dispense, or
22	·	issue or offer to give away, sell, deliver, dispense, or issue.
23		Flavored electronic cigarette means any electronic cigarette or any
24		component part thereof that contains a constituent that imparts a

characterizing flavor.

25

26		Manufacturer means an electronic smo	bking devices manufacturer as
27		defined in Section 16.7-101 of the Busin	ness Regulations Article of the
28		Maryland Code.	
29	<u>(b)</u>	Unlawful distribution. A manufacturer r	nust not distribute any flavored
30		electronic cigarette to any retail store wit	hin 1.0 mile of any elementary,
31		middle, or high school, library, park, play	ground, or recreational facility
32		in the County.	
33	Approved:		
34			
	Nancy Navarr	ro, President, County Council	Date
35	Approved:		
36			
	Marc Elrich,	County Executive	Date
37	This is a corre	ect copy of Council action.	
38			
	Mary Anne Pa	aradise, Acting Clerk of the Council	Date

Resolution No.:		
Introduced:	October 1, 2019	
Adopted:		_

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH

Lead Sponsors: Councilmembers Riemer and Albornoz Co-Sponsors: Councilmember Hucker, Council Vice President Katz, Council President Navarro, and Councilmembers Jawando and Glass

SUBJECT: Resolution to adopt Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation – Flavored Electronic Cigarettes

Background

- 1. County Code §2-65, as amended, provides that the County Council is, and may act as, the County Board of Health, and in that capacity may adopt any regulation which a local Board of Health is authorized to adopt under state law.
- 2. Maryland Code Health-General Article §3-202 authorizes the County Board of Health to adopt rules and regulations regarding any nuisance or cause of disease in the County.
- 3. On {DATE}, the Council held a public hearing on this regulation. As required by law, each municipality in the County and the public were properly notified of this hearing.
- 4. On {DATE}, the County Council enacted Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation Flavored Electronic Cigarettes. Bill 32-19 prohibited the distribution of flavored electronic cigarettes to retail stores in the County.
- 5. The County Council, sitting as the Board of Health, finds after reviewing the evidence in the record that prohibiting the distribution of flavored electronic cigarettes to retail stores as required by this Regulation is necessary to protect the health of County residents.

Action

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the County Board of Health, approves the following resolution:

- 1. The provisions of Section 24-15 of the Montgomery County Code, entitled "Distribution of flavored electronic cigarettes." as added by Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation Flavored Electronic Cigarettes, are adopted as a Board of Health regulation. A copy of Bill 32-19 is attached to this resolution.
- 2. This resolution takes effect 90 days after adoption.

This is a correct copy of Council action.

Mary Anne Paradise, Acting Clerk of the Council

 $F: LAW \land Resolutions \land Board\ Of\ Health \land Flavored\ E-Cig \land Board\ Of\ Health\ Regulation. Docx$

LEGISLATIVE REQUEST REPORT

Bill 32-19

Health and Sanitation - Flavored Electronic Cigarettes

DESCRIPTION:

Bill 32-19 would prohibit an electronic smoking devices manufacturer

from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to certain retail stores

in the County.

PROBLEM:

There is a rapid rise in e-cigarette use among youth and the associated

health concerns.

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:

To reduce access to e-cigarette products for County youth.

COORDINATION:

Health and Human Services

FISCAL IMPACT:

To be requested

ECONOMIC IMPACT:

To be requested

EVALUATION:

To be researched

EXPERIENCE

To be researched

ELSEWHERE:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

Amanda Mihill, Legislative Attorney (240) 777-7815

APPLICATION

WITHIN

MUNICIPALITIES:

To be researched.

PENALTIES:

Class C violation

F:\LAW\BILLS\1932 Flavored E Cig\LRR.Docx



TO:

Council Colleagues

FROM:

Councilmembers Hans Riemer and Gabriel Albornoz

DATE:

September 25, 2019

SUBJECT:

Placing Severe Restrictions on Flavored Vape Products Aimed at Youth

Shortly we will be introducing an additional piece of legislation to add to the package of bills intended to curb the epidemic of vaping that is occuring in our schools. This bill will aim to severely restrict the availability of flavored vaping products, which are the most popular products among youth, by prohibiting manufacturers from distributing these products to retailers in Montgomery County.

Flavored electronic cigarettes have become very popular amongst our youth. According to preliminary results from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's annual National Youth Tobacco Survey more than a quarter of high school students admitted to using e-cigarettes, and the majority cited the fruit, menthol and minty flavors.

These products are not harmless. They lead teens to become addicted to nicotine and may be implicated in the mysterious lung illnesses and deaths that have been linked to vaping.

While this legislation will not prevent all legal sales of these products in the County, it will make them much less available to youth in our community.

I hope you will consider cosponsoring and supporting this legislation.



MEMORANDUM

November 1, 2019

TO:

Nancy Navarro, President, County Council

FROM:

Richard S. Madaleno, Director, Office of Management and Budget

Michael Coveyou, Acting Director, Department of Finance Influ

SUBJECT:

FEIS for Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation - Flavored Electronic Cigarettes -

Resolution to adopt Bill 32-19 as a Board of Health Regulation

Please find attached the Fiscal and Economic Impact Statements for the abovereferenced legislation.

RSM:cm

Andrew Kleine, Chief Administrative Officer cc: Fariba Kassiri, Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Debbie Spielberg, Special Assistant to the County Executive Dale Tibbitts, Special Assistant to the County Executive Lisa Austin, Office of the County Executive Barry Hudson, Director, Public Information Office David Platt, Department of Finance Dennis Hetman, Department of Finance Raymond Crowel, Department of Health and Human Services Monika Coble, Office of Management and Budget Estela Gomes, Office of Management and Budget Lindsay Lucas, Office of Management and Budget Chrissy Mireles, Office of Management and Budget

Fiscal Impact Statement Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation - Flavored Electronic Cigarettes Resolution to adopt Bill 32-19 as a Board of Health Regulation

1. Legislative Summary

Bill 32-19 would prohibit an electronic smoking devices manufacturer from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to certain retail stores in the County.

2. An estimate of changes in County revenues and expenditures regardless of whether the revenues or expenditures are assumed in the recommended or approved budget. Includes source of information, assumptions, and methodologies used.

Bill 32-19 will not have an impact on County revenues or expenditures. The Department of Health and Human Services, Montgomery County's Department of Police, Alcohol Beverage Services, and the Department of Permitting Services all advise that enforcing the bill's provisions can be handled within existing resources and personnel.

3. Revenue and expenditure estimates covering at least the next 6 fiscal years.

Not applicable.

4. An actuarial analysis through the entire amortization period for each bill that would affect retiree pension or group insurance costs.

Not applicable.

5. An estimate of expenditures related to County's information technology (IT) systems, including Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems.

No additional expenditures related to the County's information technology systems are expected.

6. Later actions that may affect future revenue and expenditures if the bill authorizes future spending.

Not applicable.

7.	An estimate of the staff time needed to implement the bill.
	No additional staff time is needed to implement the bill's provisions.
8.	An explanation of how the addition of new staff responsibilities would affect other duties.
	Not applicable.
9.	An estimate of costs when an additional appropriation is needed.
	Not applicable.
10.	A description of any variable that could affect revenue and cost estimates.
	Not applicable.
11.	Ranges of revenue or expenditures that are uncertain or difficult to project.
	Not applicable.
12.	If a bill is likely to have no fiscal impact, why that is the case.
	The Department of Health and Human Services, Montgomery County's Department of Police, Alcohol Beverage Services, and the Department of Permitting Services all advise that enforcing the bill's provisions can be handled within existing resources and personnel.
13.	Other fiscal impacts or comments.
	Not applicable.

14. The following contributed to and concurred with this analysis:

Clark R. Beil, Senior Administrator, Department of Health and Human Services
Neil A. Shorb, Director, Montgomery County's Department of Police
John Martin Utermohle, Chief of Administrative Services, Alcohol Beverage Services
Barbara Suter, Management and Budget Manager, Department of Permitting Services
Estela Gomes, Fiscal and Policy Analyst, Office of Management and Budget
Lindsay Lucas, Fiscal and Policy Analyst, Office of Management and Budget

Richard S. Madaleno, Director

Office of Management and Budget

Economic Impact Statement Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation – Flavored Electronic Cigarettes

Background:

Bill 32-19 would:

(1) prohibit an electronic smoking devices manufacturer from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to certain retail stores in the County; and

(2) generally amend County law regarding smoking, electronic cigarettes, and health and sanitation.

Bill 32-19 would prohibit an electronic smoking devices manufacturer from distributing flavored electronic cigarettes to certain retail stores in the County. The Bill's goal is to address a rapid rise in ecigarette use among youth, the associated health concerns, and to reduce access to e-cigarette products for County youth.

1. The sources of information, assumptions, and methodologies used.

- September 2019 (FY20) Selected Operations Summaries, Montgomery County Division of Treasury
- Bloomberg Businessweek, "Juul's Wildly Successful, Very Silicon Valley Business has a Serious Bug", Lauren Etter, Ben Elgin, and Ellen Huet; 10/14/2019

According to a study published this month in the New England Journal of Medicine, one in nine U.S. high school seniors say they now vape almost daily¹. The 2018 National Youth Tobacco Survey showed that an estimated 3.6 million middle and high school students used e-cigarettes, an increase of more than 70% from the previous year. Opposition has recently catalyzed against e-cigarette brands as mysterious killer vapes have heightened anxiety about the unknown long-term health risks associated with vaping particularly among youth.

The most prominent e-cigarette brand is Juul with more than \$1 billion in annual revenue and 70% of the U.S. vape market according to market researcher IRI. Juul currently faces multiple investigations by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, the Federal Trade Commission, a congressional inquiry, and a criminal probe by the Department of Justice. San Francisco recently banned the sale and distribution of e-cigarettes and this month Kroger Co. joined Walmart Inc. and other retailers in announcing it would stop selling e-cigarettes. Last week Juul said it was suspending sales of most nicotine pod flavors nationwide. Pending a review by the FDA, fruit and dessert flavors, which the company was selling to people over the age of 21 through its website, are no longer available in the United States. The company will continue to sell mint, menthol and tobacco flavor pods in stores and online for now though Health and Human Services Secretary Alex Azar said last month that the Trump administration intends to ban all flavors of vaping products except tobacco-flavor.

Juul began with a goal to save millions of lives a year by helping smokers switch to a seemingly healthier alternative. However, through their efforts to perfect the delivery of nicotine, promoted by Instagram marketing, much of the decade's antismoking gains were being undone and vaping became a fact of life for teens. Bloomberg Businessweek in a cover story this month on the company notes "Achieving verb status is a hallmark of next-level success for any Silicon Valley company, and Juul has reached other such milestones as it became the world's third-most-valuable startup, worth \$38 billion after raising \$12.8 billion last December...but the biggest chunk of the money didn't come from Silicon Valley venture capitalists; it came from Altria Group Inc., the Marlboro maker formerly known as Philip Morris, which

¹ Miech, Richard. (2019) "Trends in Adolescent Vaping, 2017-2019" NEJM.org

Economic Impact Statement Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation – Flavored Electronic Cigarettes

received a 35% stake... Big Tobacco's replacement project was beginning to look like a standard tobacco company." Locally, Maryland Comptroller Peter Franchot announced last week the launch of a task force to examine the effects of vaping and e-cigarettes, as more people across the country are becoming affected.

2. A description of any variable that could affect the economic impact estimates.

The number of retail stores within 1.0 mile of any elementary, middle, or high school, library, park, playground, or recreational facility in the County distributing flavored electronic cigarettes will affect economic impact estimates. According to the latest Selected Operation Summary from the Department of Finance's Division of Treasury there are currently 37 registered retailers in the County, up 27% from 29 in FY19.

3. The Bill's positive or negative effect, if any on employment, spending, savings, investment, incomes, and property values in the County.

The Bill is not anticipated to have a discernable effect on employment, savings, investment, incomes, and property values in the County but is projected to considerably after the current trajectory of exponential growth in the e-cigarette tax which is estimated to grow 88% this year over 2018. Total collections in 2019 are estimated to be approximately \$1.3 million or .02% of the County's \$5.8 billion FY20 approved operating budget.

	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Prelim. Final
E-Cigarettes	\$372,931	\$483,415	\$698,169	\$1,317,692
annual growth rate:		29.6%	44.4%	88.7%

The Council packet notes that while there is a potential health impact from e-cigarettes there is also a lack of data on the potential economic impacts including the effects on income and health care. The largest anticipated economic effect from the legislation will be on the revised revenue and earnings estimates of e-cigarette makers and distributors in the County. Given the multiple national measures to alter access to e-cigarettes, investigations, lawsuits, and concerns regarding the severe unknown associated health risks of vaping, the e-cigarette industry is expected to be structurally altered over the coming years to barely resemble the distribution networks and growth rates that it knew as recently as last year. The economic impact of this shift to the County is expected to be minimal with declines expected in the e-cigarette tax that currently comprise .02% of the FY20 operating budget.

4. If a Bill is likely to have no economic impact, why is that the case?

See number 2.

5. The following contributed to or concurred with this analysis:

David Platt, Dennis Hetman, and Robert Hagedoom, Finance.

Economic Impact Statement Bill 32-19, Health and Sanitation — Flavored Electronic Cigarettes

Michael Goveyou, Acting Director
Department of Finance

| 0/30/19

Testimony of Adam Zimmerman

Montgomery County Council November 5, 2019

Good evening.

My name is Adam Zimmerman. I am a ten-year Rockville resident. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

Since August 2016, it has been illegal in the United States to sell e-cigarettes to anybody under age 18, and retailers have been required to verify the age of anyone under 27 purchasing a tobacco product.

Nevertheless, over the past few years, youth e-cigarette use in the United States has exploded.

- High school students: 12 percent in 2017; 21 percent in 2018; 28 percent in 2019.
- Middle school students: 0.6 percent in 2017; 5 percent in 2018; 9 percent in 2019.
- Overall, 5 million middle and high school students use e-cigarettes today.

Here in Montgomery County, this Council has taken strong action in recent years, from raising taxes on e-cigarettes; to ensuring e-cigarettes are included in smoke-free laws; to suing Juul for relentlessly and insidiously marketing to children.

But we must do more. Vaping rates locally mirror national averages. MCPS students have been <u>hospitalized</u> after vaping in schools. Both the county and state have been affected by the <u>severe vaping-associated lung illnesses</u> sweeping the country—nearly 2,000 cases to date nationwide, hundreds of which are kids under age 18.

I applaud each member of the Council for supporting the legislative package before us tonight, but I particularly want to commend Councilmember Albornoz for his outstanding leadership protecting kids from e-cigarettes. As we write in our co-authored Washington Post op-ed:

"We must act swiftly and decisively in response to these alarming numbers. It took decades before we realized the full harm associated with kids using cigarettes. With respect to ecigarettes, we cannot afford a 'wait and see' approach—we know enough about the dangers to act now. We strongly support this package—not just as an elected official and a smoke-free advocate, but as proud Montgomery County residents and parents of young children."

Under the package being considered tonight:

- Vape shops would no longer be located, and e-cigarettes no longer sold at any retailer, near our schools.
- E-cigarettes would no longer be distributed to individuals under age 21.
- And flavored e-cigarettes—which are driving the epidemic; <u>97 percent</u> of kids who use e-cigarettes use flavors—would no longer sold near schools, libraries, parks, playgrounds, or recreational facilities. This includes mint and menthol, the two flavors used by nearly two-thirds of high school students who use e-cigarettes and—not coincidentally—the two flavors which Juul has refused to stop selling.

This legislation utilizes the full range of the County's authority to regulate where and by whom ecigarettes are sold.

The health and human services committee should strengthen it further—for example, by extending the ban on manufacturers distributing both flavored and non-flavored e-cigarettes to retailers to a full mile from any elementary, middle or higher school; and shortening the timeframe under which vape shops can no longer operate near any school from 24 months to 18 months, if not less.

The Council should pass unanimously, and the county executive should sign immediately, the full package before the end of the year.

E-cigarettes are not healthy—not a single e-cigarette product or brand has been certified by the FDA as healthier than regular cigarettes.

E-cigarettes are not safe— one Juul pod contains as much nicotine as 20 cigarettes, which can <u>harm</u> kids' brain development.

E-cigarettes are not harmless—kids who use e-cigarettes are <u>more likely</u> to use regular tobacco products as well.

To avoid losing a new generation of kids to nicotine addiction, Montgomery County must once again assert its national leadership. Passing this package would do exactly that.

Thank you.

Email Viewer

Message	Details	Attachments	Headers
Source			

HTML

From: "Hank Prensky" <hprensky@rcn.com>

Date: 11/7/2019 12:33:43 AM

To: "County.Council@montgomerycountymd.gov" <County.Council@MontgomeryCountyMD.gov>

Cc: "mdgasp@aol.com" <mdgasp@aol.com>

Subject: 32-19

Please pass Bill 32-19 to BEGIN controlling the insanity of "vaping" (or, more properly, a very efficient drug-delivery system for nicotine, which may have limited use for adults actively involved in seeking to end their addiction to cigarettes as a delivery system for nicotine).

Cheers,

Hank

Hank Prensky 7921 Sligo Creek Pkwy Takoma Park MD 20912 301-455-4427 Hank@TakomaHomes.com

Close

Email Viewer

Message	Details	Attachments	Headers	
Source	F.			

HTML

From: "HARVEY EISEN" <heisen9929@aol.com>

Date: 11/7/2019 9:16:41 AM

To: "county.council@montgomerycountymd.gov" <County.Council@MontgomeryCountyMD.gov>

Cc:

Subject: Bill 32-19

I strongly support this bill. Vaping is dangerous, addictive, attractive to young people, and businesses that sell it should not be anywhere near our schools.

Harvey Eisen 5225 Pooks Hill Road Bethesda MD 20814

Close

From: Navarro's Office, Councilmember [Councilmember.Navarro@montgomerycountymd.gov]

Sent: Thursday, November 07, 2019 9:20:24 AM

To: Council President Subject: FW: Bill 32-19

From: Heather Tawney < twinkle 417@yahoo.com> Sent: Thursday, November 07, 2019 9:18 AM

To: Glass's Office, Councilmember < Councilmember. Glass@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Albornoz's Office, Councilmember <Councilmember.Albornoz@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Friedson's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Friedson@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Hucker's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Hucker@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Jawando's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Jawando@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Katz's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Katz@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Navarro's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Navarro@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Rice's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Rice@montgomerycountymd.gov>; Riemer's Office, Councilmember

<Councilmember.Riemer@montgomerycountymd.goy>

Subject: Bill 32-19

[EXTERNAL EMAIL]

Dear Council Members,

I am writing today to request that you vote in favor of Bill 32-19 to help protect the children of Montgomery County from becoming addicted to vaping products. These are the new version of tobacco products that have kept millions addicted and ruined the health of so many communities for years. The Vape sellers are saying that they are saving lives by helping people get off tobacco. However, they're just trading one addiction for another. Back when cigarettes came out....they claimed they were healthy too. We all know how that went. Isn't it better to be on the side of caution when it comes to children and the areas they pass through in the county?

Vape shop owners are small business owners and entrepreneurs and yes it is important to consider them. However, not at the expense of the children and adults of the county. These business owners will have the opportunity to start a new business that doesn't compromise the health of the community peddling highly addictive substances.

In conclusion, please Vote in favor of Bill 32-19.

Enjoy your day! Heather Tawney

"Sometimes your joy is the source of your smile, but sometimes your smile can be the source of your joy."

-Thich Nhat Hahn

Email Viewer

Message	Details	Attachments	Headers			
Source				J		

HTML

From: "LaTanya Lowe" <shavon20901@yahoo.com>

Date: 11/7/2019 9:40:24 AM

To: "County.Council@MontgomeryCountyMD.gov" < County.Council@MontgomeryCountyMD.gov>

Cc: "LaTanya Lowe" <shavon20901@yahoo.com>

Subject: Please Support Bill 32-19

Good Morning!

As a proudMontgomery County home owner and parent of elementary and middle school aged children, I implore you to support Bill 32-19, that prohibitsmanufacturers from distributing flavored e-cigarettes to any retail storeslocated within one mile of an elementary school, middle school, high school, park, playground, or recreation facility in the county.

In this day andage, we must attentively protect the safety and innocence of our children fromas many detrimental drawbacks and hurts of society that we can. I have seen and read that vaping harms peopleand targets our youth. I don't knowabout you, but I certainly cannot and will not live without my children, nor doI want any of my children's health to be impacted, due to this new fad of "vaping", which clearly promotes addiction and could potentially lead to other recreationaldrug usage as well as death.

Below, please see apassage from an article entitled: 5 Vaping Facts You Need to Knowfrom the John Hopkins Medicine website:

"Among youth, e-cigarettesare more popular than any traditional tobacco product. In 2015, the U.S. surgeon general reported that e-cigarette use among high school students hadincreased by 900 percent, and 40 percent of young e-cigarette users had neversmoked regular tobacco.

According to Blaha, there are three reasons e-cigarettes maybe particularly enticing to young people. First, many teens believe that vapingis less harmful than smoking. Second, e-cigarettes have a lower per-use costthan traditional cigarettes. Finally, vape cartridges are often formulated withflavorings such as apple pie and watermelon that appeal to younger users.

Both youths and adults find the lack of smoke appealing. With no smell, e-cigarettes reduce the stigma of smoking.

"What I find most concerning about the rise of vaping isthat people who would've never smoked otherwise, especially youth, are takingup the habit," says Blaha. "It's one thing if you convert from cigarettesmoking to vaping. It's quite another thing to start up nicotine use withvaping. And, it often leads to using traditional tobacco products down theroad." - https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/health/wellness-and-prevention/5-truths-you-need-to-know-about-vaping/Michael Joseph Blaha, M.D., M.P.H.







October 11, 2019

The Honorable Gabe Albornoz, Chairman and Members of the Health and Human Services Committee (HHS) Montgomery County Council Council Office Building 100 Maryland Ave, 6th Floor Rockville, MD 20850

Dear Chairman Albornoz and Members of the Health and Human Services Committee (HHS),

We, the below signed organizations, deeply appreciate your commitment to the county's health and your resolve to address the growing epidemic of e-cigarette use among our youth. We agree that this epidemic demands strong and immediate action, which the Council has already taken.

We do, however, have some concerns regarding the proposed e-cigarette legislative package. Some legislation we would support with amendments. Because the county is preempted from taking the strongest possible action, and because proposed statewide legislation would accomplish the same goals and has a good chance of passage in 2020, we would recommend holding off on some of the legislation in the package.

Of the bills proposed, we can support Bill No. 29-19 Health and Sanitation—Electronic Cigarettes—Distribution if amended to include all tobacco retailers, not just e-cigarette retailers. All forms of tobacco are dangerous and protect kids from this addiction in all its forms is essential. All tobacco products and all tobacco retailers should be regulated in the same strict manner.

Since the Council intends to limit e-cigarette distribution near schools, the best practice would be to limit the total number of tobacco retailers and where those tobacco retailers can be located.

We also support Bill No. 31-19 Health and Sanitation—Electronic Cigarettes—Distributions, Use, and Possession, with amendments. The legislation does not currently mirror the State provisions that went into effect on October 1st, 2019. Specifically, the tobacco product definition should be updated, impose fines on the retailer not the clerk, and remove the purchase, use, and possession provisions on youth.

Compliance with the law should be the responsibility of the retailer, and penalties for violations should not fall on the youth attempting to purchase tobacco.

The evidence shows penalizing youth for the purchase, use, and possession of tobacco products is not effective at reducing tobacco use. Penalties for youth for purchase, use, and possession







may divert attention from more effective tobacco control strategies and relieve the tobacco industry of responsibility for its marketing practices and retailer's irresponsible sale to underage persons. For those adolescents who do smoke, what they need most is access to evidence-based cessation resources, not fines. What has been proven effective is a dedicated enforcement entity conducting active enforcement, including graduated fines for retailers when in violation with potential for license suspension and revocation, licensing of all retailers, unannounced compliance checks on retailers, and signage.

We recommend you hold off on moving forward with Bill No. 32-19 Health and Sanitation—Flavored Electronic Cigarettes, as the county is not able expand the proposal to restrict the sale of <u>all flavored tobacco products, including but not limited to menthol cigarettes and flavored cigars due to preemption.</u> Without a comprehensive prohibition, we do not believe this legislation will be as effective as intended and will not end the epidemic.

95% of smokers begin before the age of 21. Right here in Maryland, while 14.4% of adults across the city still smoke, 13.9% of MD high school students use e-cigarettes. We know that most current smokers were enticed to begin this deadly addiction as youth, and most report beginning with a flavor.

As a result of targeted marketing, while the use of traditional cigarettes has declined, the sale of menthol cigarettes has steadily increased, especially among young people and new smokers. Menthol makes it easier to start smoking by masking the harshness of tobacco smoke. As a result, over half of youth smokers use menthol cigarettes; among African American youth smokers, seven out of ten use menthol cigarettes. In addition, there are now over 250 different cigar flavors, and cigars surpass cigarettes in popularity among high school boys nationwide.

In addition to youth, African Americans have been heavily targeted with menthol cigarette marketing. Quitting menthol cigarettes is particularly difficult, so those who initiate with menthol are more likely to become addicted and less likely to quit. Leaving menthol cigarettes in our community is a matter of social justice and leaves those already most impacted by health disparities vulnerable to the aggressive marketing of the tobacco industry.

Cities across the country have already acted to prohibit the sale of <u>all flavored tobacco</u> <u>products</u>. Over 50 communities in California, Colorado, Minnesota, Massachusetts and New York have done so.

Unfortunately, the Council is preempted from adding menthol cigarettes and flavored cigars to the legislation, so we ask that the Council hold off on introducing legislation and instead support a statewide bill being introduced in 2020 led by Del. Dereck E. Davis (D-25) and Attorney General Brian Frosh. The statewide bill, which is supported by our national public health organizations and a vast coalition of state-based groups, will restrict the sale of <u>all</u> flavored tobacco products, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, menthol cigarettes, and flavored cigars.







While we share in your fight against the growing epidemic and commend your intentions, we would support some of the proposed legislation with amendments, but recommend the Council hold off on other bills due to pending 2020 Statewide efforts, and as a result of limitations on the county due to preemption.

We look forward to continuing to work with the County Council on proven tobacco control interventions and to improve the health of all residents.

Sincerely,

American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network (ACS CAN)

American Heart Association (AHA)

American Lung Association (ALA)

CC: Members of the Montgomery County Council

Montgomery County Delegation (MD General Assembly)

Extra testimony



WMDA/CAR Service Station and Automotive Repair Association

November 4, 2019

Members of Montgomery County Council

RE: 29-19 and 32-19

WMDA members who sell electronic smoking devises are already enforcing age 21 tobacco and OTP (other tobacco products) which includes electronic smoking devises and basically all accessories used with tobacco or OTP. We are the best defense for identifying underage buyers an employee many county residents.

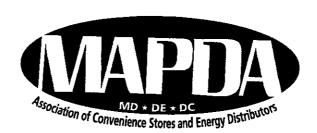
To ban the sale of electronic smoking devises within 0.5 of a school or flavored devise within 1 mile of any school, playground, park, or recreational facility does not make sense when you have 21 years of age requirement to buy the product.

Montgomery County is not an island and there will be a robust black market in tobacco and OTP with age 21 statewide. Lets not enhance that market by putting sales into the hands of individuals who check no I.D. and collect no tax revenue.

Our members agree that these products need to be controlled and the age restriction does that. Please don't pick winners and looser based on store locations.

Please give 29-19 and 32-19 Unfavorable Reports.

Kirk McCauley
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WMDA/CAR
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301-775-0221 Cell



Ettra Testimony

To:

Montgomery County Council

From: Ellen Valentino

Date: November 5, 2019

Re:

29-19 and 32-19 Retailer Prohibition Vape

The number of young people who are vaping has increased dramatically and MAPDA shares the concern of the Montgomery County Council on this issue. Understandably, the Montgomery County Council wants to take a stand to prevent underage vaping.

This legislation will not achieve the goal you want to accomplish and misses an opportunity for real change. At best, driving consumers to other retail establishments not affected by the ban only serves to pick winners and losers among the retail community.

At worst, this ban will foster a black market for vaping devices and supplies. As retailers, we have a responsibility to check ID; failure to do so comes with a significant penalty and threat of loss of license. Criminals selling on the street and distributing to underage individuals are operating unchecked. This legislation will most definitely exacerbate that practice and make it even more lucrative.

Instead of a ban that hurts legitimate consumers and retail businesses, we urge you to consider legislation that includes strong penalties for use and possession of vape products by individuals under the age of 21. We believe that policy will move the needle on prevention.