

Committee: GO

Committee Review: At a future date **Staff:** Amanda Mihill, Legislative Attorney

Purpose: To introduce agenda item – no vote expected

Keywords: #PublicCampaignFinancing

Search terms: campaign contributions, in-kind

contributions

SUBJECT

Bill 31-20, Public Campaign Financing - Amendments Lead Sponsors: Councilmember Navarro, Council President Katz, and Councilmember Friedson (GO Committee)

AGENDA ITEM #12A

July 21, 2020

Introduction

EXPECTED ATTENDEES

None

COUNCIL DECISION POINTS & COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

• To introduce Bill – no vote expected

DESCRIPTION/ISSUE

Bill 31-20 would:

- amend the County public campaign financing system;
- alter the maximum contribution limits;
- allow participating candidates to carryover certain funds under certain circumstances;
- require an audit of the public campaign financing system after the general election in an election cycle; and
- alter the penalties for willful violations of the public campaign financing system.

SUMMARY OF KEY DISCUSSION POINTS

- On September 30, 2014, the Council enacted, and the Executive later signed, Bill 16-14, Elections
 Public Campaign Financing (2 amendments have also been enacted).
- The Program was first used in the 2018 election cycle. During 2019, the Council committed to review the Program in an effort to improve the Program where needed.
- The Council held a public forum on the Program on March 26, 2019 and then-Council President Navarro sent a survey to participants in the program, non-participants in the program, and community group seeking input as to their experiences during the inaugural cycle.
- The Government Operations and Fiscal Policy Committee met 3 times to review issues related to the implementation of the Program.
- During these meetings, the Committee recommended changes to the law, which were to incorporate into a draft bill that the Committee reviewed on July 10, 2020. The Committee approved the draft bill, which is Bill 31-20.

This report contains:

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MEMORANDUM

July 16, 2020

TO: County Council

FROM: Amanda Mihill, Legislative Attorney

SUBJECT: Bill 31-20, Public Campaign Financing - Amendments¹

PURPOSE: Introduction – no Council vote required

Summary

Bill 31-20, Public Campaign Financing - Amendments, sponsored by Lead Sponsors Councilmember Navarro, Council President Katz, and Councilmember Friedson (GO Committee), is scheduled to be introduced on July 21. A public hearing is tentatively scheduled for September 15 at 1:30 p.m.

Bill 31-20 would:

- amend the County public campaign financing system;
- alter the maximum contribution limits;
- allow participating candidates to carryover certain funds under certain circumstances;
- require an audit of the public campaign financing system after the general election in an election cycle; and
- alter the penalties for willful violations of the public campaign financing system.

Background

On September 30, 2014, the Council enacted, and the Executive later signed, Bill 16-14, Elections – Public Campaign Financing. Bill 16-14 established a Public Election Fund to provide public campaign financing for a candidate for a County elective office. Two additional amendments to the law have been enacted. The program was first used in the 2018 election cycle. Some important facts regarding the inaugural election cycle:

• 68 candidates ran for either County Executive or County Council. Of the 38 candidates that filed an intent to use public financing program for one of these offices, 23 candidates ultimately obtained public financing.

Search terms: campaign contributions, in-kind contributions

¹#PublicCampaignFinancing

- Two-thirds of Councilmembers that won an elected office in 2018 chose public financing, as did the County Executive.
- The County ultimately spent approximately \$5.2 million during the 2018 elections on public financing (\$4.1 million during the primary election and \$1.1 million during the general election).
- During the primary election, 1 County Executive candidate, 2 Council At-Large candidates, and 2 Council District candidates obtained the maximum allowable in matching funds; during the general election, 1 County Executive candidate obtained the maximum allowable in matching funds.
- The County earned an achievement award from the National Association of Counties (NACo).

During 2019, the Council committed to review the Program in an effort to improve the Program where needed. The Council held a public forum on the Program on March 26, 2019 at which 11 speakers testified. Also in 2019, then-Council President Navarro sent a survey to participants in the program, non-participants in the program, and community groups seeking input as to their experiences during the inaugural cycle. An excerpt from the staff packet describing the hearing and survey is attached at ©15-19.

The Government Operations and Fiscal Policy Committee met 3 times to review issues related to the implementation of the Program. At its meetings on October 24² and December 9, 2019³, the Committee reviewed the program, including its use during the 2018 election cycle, and received information concerning issues raised at the Council's March 26, 2019 public forum and in responses to the survey. During these meetings, the Committee recommended changes to the law, which were incorporate into a draft bill that the Committee reviewed on July 10, 2020. Links to the staff reports for those worksessions are in the footnotes of this memorandum. Copies are also available from Council staff.

Specifics of Bill 31-20

A summary about the Committee-recommended changes that are included in Bill 31-20 follows. A more detailed analysis of these specific issues are in the Committee staff reports referenced above.

1. Reconsider the "one bite at the apple" rule? County Code §16-22(c) provides that a potential candidate may only submit 1 application for certification to participate in the Program for an election and that a candidate can correct any mistake in the application for certification within either 10 business days or the end of the qualifying period (45 days before the primary).

Committee recommendation: provide for a 10-day period after a candidate submits for qualification where a candidate can cure or supplement their initial submission. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©5, lines 92-98.

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²https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council/Resources/Files/agenda/cm/2019/20191024/20191024 GO3.pdf

³https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council/Resources/Files/agenda/cm/2019/20191209/20191209 GO2.pdf

 $^{^4\}underline{\text{https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council/Resources/Files/agenda/cm/2020/20200710/20200710} \ \ GO3.p \ \ df$

2. When is reimbursement cut off deadline? County Code § 16-23 specifies that a certified candidate can continue collecting contributions and receive a matching contribution "up to" a primary or general election. This language is a bit ambiguous in practice because County regulations allow candidates to submit for matching fund requests each first and third Tuesday. This language could be clarified by expanding the reimbursement deadline to 30 days after the election and make clear that contributions that are submitted up to, and including, election day are matchable.

Committee recommendation: expand the reimbursement deadline to 30 days after the election and make clear that contributions that are submitted up to, and including, election day are matchable. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©2, line 20 and ©7, lines 140-144.

3. Should a person be able to contribute the maximum during both the primary and general? County Code $\S\S$ 16-23 and 16-26 make clear that an individual must not contribute more than \$150 in the aggregate during a 4-year election cycle. Seven campaigns that responded to the survey indicated that donors who gave the maximum in the primary election should be allowed to donate up to the maximum allowable (\$150) in the general election.

Committee recommendation: The Committee unanimously recommended amending the public financing law to increase the maximum contribution limit to \$250 per election cycle. A majority of the Committee, Councilmember Friedson dissenting, recommended amending the law to provide for a match to the maximum. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©3, lines 27 and 34; ©4, line 53; ©6-7, lines 106-130; and ©7, line 144.

4. Should the law be clarified regarding the treatment of in-kind contributions? County Code §16-23 specifies that the Director cannot distribute matching dollars for an in-kind contribution of property, goods, or services. There was confusion, however, as to whether in-kind contributions counted toward the initial qualifying contribution requirements. County law could be clarified in this respect.

Committee recommendation (2-1, Councilmember Katz dissenting): clarify that in-kind donations cannot be counted toward the initial qualifying contribution requirements. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©3, lines 41-42. Councilmember Katz voiced his belief that in-kind contributions should count toward the required qualifying amount, but not matchable. Council staff committee to work with Executive staff to provide options on this issue during the Council's deliberations on Bill 31-20.

5. When should a participant be required to close their public funding account? County Code §16-23(f) requires a participating candidate to return unspent money on the candidate's publicly funded campaign account to the Public Election Fund within 30 days of the primary (if the candidate was not a primary winner) or the general election. Council staff has heard that this deadline can be burdensome and that publicly financed candidates continue to have ongoing expenses after the close of the election.

Committee recommendation: Following the recommendations of Mr. Jared DeMarinis, State Board of Elections, the Committee recommended amending the law to increase the close-out period to 90 days post election and allow carryover funds with the following criteria:

- Limit the funds to \$5,000;
- Candidates must sign a new declaration of intent to participate in the program for the next election cycle by January 31 following the election; and
- Keep the same committee open.

This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©10-11, lines 223-240.

6. Should there be a more severe penalty for campaigns that intentionally undermine the **Program's requirements and intent?** County Code §16-28 specifies that a violation of the public campaign financing program is a Class A violation. A Class A criminal violation is \$1,000 maximum fine and maximum of 6 months in jail; a Class A civil violation is \$500 for an initial offense and \$750 for a repeat offense.

Committee recommendation: provide for more severe penalties for campaigns that intentionally undermined the Program's requirements and intent. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©11-12, lines 261-275.

7. Should there be a requirement for an end-of-election audit? There is currently no audit requirement in County law.

Committee recommendation: require an end of election audit. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©11, lines 241-248.

8. Should the law address what happens to a campaign that fails to qualify for the program? During the inaugural election cycle, several candidates filed an intent to participate in the Program, but did not qualify. It is assumed that in this situation, the candidate is not prohibited from running, but the effect of not qualifying "converts" their campaign into a traditional campaign (i.e., not constrained by the Program's requirements).

Committee recommendation: clarify that a campaign that fails to qualify for the program converts to a traditional campaign. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©6, lines 102-104.

9. What should the duties be for the Committee to Recommend Funding/or the Public Election Fund? County Code § 16-27 establishes a Committee for the sole purpose of estimating the funds necessary to implement the public campaign finance system and recommending an annual appropriation to the Public Election Fund.

Committee recommendation: expand the duties of the Committee to Recommend Funding for the Public Election Fund to include: public education and engagement; increase the number of Committee members; and add language to ensure that the Committee reflects the diversity of the County. This recommendation is incorporated into Bill 31-20 on ©12, line 279, ©13, line 290; and ©13, lines 300-301.

This packet contains:	Circle #
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Bill No		31-20)		
Concerning	: <u>P</u>	ublic Car	mpaigr	<u>Finan</u>	cing
- Amen	dme	ents			
Revised: _	1/29	9/2020	Dra	aft No.	1
Introduced:		July 21,	2020		
Expires:		January	21, 20	22	
Enacted: _					
Executive:					
Effective:					
Sunset Date	e: _	None			
Ch	Lav	vs of Mor	nt Co		

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

Lead Sponsor: Councilmember Navarro, Council President Katz, and Councilmember Friedson (Government Operations and Fiscal Policy Committee)

AN ACT to:

- (1) amend the County public campaign financing system;
- (2) alter the maximum contribution limits;
- (3) allow participating candidates to carryover certain funds under certain circumstances;
- (4) require an audit of the public campaign financing system after the general election in an election cycle;
- (5) alter the penalties for willful violations of the public campaign financing system; and
- (6) generally amend the law governing elections for County elective offices.

By amending

Montgomery County Code Chapter 16, Elections Sections 16-18, 16-20, 16-21, 16-22, 16-23, 16-24, 16-25, 16-27, 16-28, 16-29, 16-30, and 16-31

Boldface
Underlining
Added to existing law by original bill.

[Single boldface brackets]
Double underlining
Added by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]]

* * * *

Heading or defined term.

Added to existing law by original bill.

Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.

Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

1	Sec. 1. Sections 16-18, 16-20, 16-21, 16-22, 16-23, 16-24, 16-25, 16-27, 16-
2	28, 16-29, 16-30, and 16-31 are amended as follows:
3	16-18. Definitions.
4	In this Article, the following terms have the meanings indicated:
5	* * *
6	Campaign finance entity means a political committee established under Title 13
7	of the [State] Election Law Article of the Maryland Code [, as amended].
8	* * *
9	[Committee to Recommend Funding for the Public Election Fund means the
10	Committee established in Section 16-27.]
11	* * *
12	Contribution means the gift or transfer, or promise of gift or transfer, of money
13	or other thing of value to a campaign finance entity to promote or assist in the
14	promotion of the success or defeat of a candidate, political party, or question.
15	Contribution includes proceeds from the sale of tickets to a campaign fund-
16	raising event as defined in Section 101 of the Election Law Article of the
17	Maryland Code[, as amended].
18	* * *
19	Distribution period means the period of time beginning 365 days before the
20	primary election for the office the candidate seeks and ending [15] 30 days after
21	the date of the general election. The distribution period for a special election
22	under Section 16-17 must be set by Council resolution.
23	* * *
24	Election cycle means the primary and general election for the same term of a
25	covered office.

26	Eligi	ble contribution means an aggregate donation in a 4-year election cycle of
27	[\$150	0] \$250 or less from an individual, including an individual who does not
28	resid	e in the County.
29		* * *
30	Publi	icly funded campaign account means a campaign finance account
31	estab	lished by a candidate for the exclusive purpose of receiving eligible
32	contr	ibutions and spending funds in accordance with this Article.
33	Qual	ifying contribution means an eligible contribution of at least [\$5.00] <u>\$5</u> but
34	no m	ore than [\$150.00] \$250 in support of an applicant candidate that is:
35	(1)	made by a County resident;
36	(2)	made after the beginning of the designated qualifying period, but no later
37		than the respective election; and
38	(3)	acknowledged by a receipt that identifies the contributor's name and
39		residential address and signed by the contributor directly or by a digital
40		signature using a method approved by the Board.
41	<u>Qual</u>	ifying contribution does not include an in-kind contribution of property,
42	good	s, or services.
43	16-20. Coll	ecting qualifying contributions.
44	(a)	Before raising any contribution governed by this Article, an applicant
45		candidate must:
46		(1) file notice of intent with the Board on or before April 15 of the year
47		of the election on a form prescribed by the Board; and
48		(2) establish a publicly funded campaign account for the candidate for
49		the purpose of receiving eligible contributions and spending funds
50		in accordance with this Article.

51	(b)	Other than a contribution from an applicant candidate or the candidate's
52		spouse, an applicant candidate must not accept an eligible contribution
53		from an individual greater than [\$150] \$250.
54	(c)	An applicant candidate must not accept a loan from anyone other than the
55		candidate or the candidate's spouse. An applicant candidate and the
56		candidate's spouse together must not contribute or lend a combined total
57		of more than \$12,000 to the candidate's publicly funded campaign
58		account.
59	(d)	Consumer Price Index adjustment. The Chief Administrative Officer
60		must adjust the contribution limit established in Subsection (b), effective
61		July 1, [2018] 2022, and July 1 of each subsequent fourth year, by the
62		annual average increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for the
63		previous 4 calendar years. The Chief Administrative Officer must
64		calculate the adjustment to the nearest multiple of [10 dollars] \$10, and
65		must publish the amount of this adjustment not later than March 1 of each
66		fourth year.
67	16-21. Requ	irements for certification.
68		* * *
69	[(d)	The Executive, after consulting with the Board, must adopt regulations
70		under Method 1 that specify:
71		(1) how and when receipts for qualifying contributions from
72		contributors must be submitted to the Board;
73		(2) the documents that must be filed with the Board for certification;
74		(3) the allowable uses of money in a publicly funded campaign
75		account; and
76		(4) other policies necessary to implement this Article.]

16-22. Board determination.

- (a) The Board must certify an applicant candidate if the Board finds that the candidate has received the required number of qualifying contributions and the required aggregate total dollars for the office no later than 10 business days after receiving:
 - (1) a declaration from the candidate agreeing to follow the regulations governing the use of a public contribution;
 - (2) a campaign finance report that includes:
 - (A) a list of each qualifying contribution received;
 - (B) a list of each expenditure made by the candidate during the qualifying period; and
 - (C) the receipt associated with each contribution and expenditure; and
 - (3) a certificate of candidacy for a covered office.
 - (b) The decision by the Board whether to certify a candidate is final.
- (c) A candidate may submit only one application for certification for any election. A candidate may correct any mistakes in the application for certification or supplement their application with additional qualifying contributions within the earlier of:
 - (1) 10 business days after receiving notice that the Board denied the application; or
 - (2) the end of the qualifying period.
- (d) If the Board certifies a candidate, the Board must authorize the Director to disburse a public contribution to the candidate's publicly funded campaign account.

102	<u>(e)</u>	A cand	<u>didate</u>	that submits a notice of intent under Section 16-20, but fails
103		to qual	lify <u>as</u>	<u>a certified candidate is deemed a non-participating candidate</u>
104		and is	not bo	ound by the requirements of this Article.
105	16-23. Distr	ribution	of pu	ublic contribution.
106	(a)	Match	ing a	mounts. The Director must distribute a public contribution
107		from t	he Fu	and to each certified candidate in a contested election only
108		during	the d	istribution period as follows:
109		(1)	for a	certified candidate for County Executive, the matching
110			dollar	rs must equal:
111			(A)	\$6 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
112				the first \$50 of each qualifying contribution;
113			(B)	\$4 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
114				the second \$50 of each qualifying contribution; and
115			(C)	\$2 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
116				the [remainder] third \$50 of each qualifying contribution;
117				<u>and</u>
118			<u>(D)</u>	\$1 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
119				the remainder of each qualifying contribution.
120		(2)	for a	certified candidate for County Council, the matching dollars
121			must	equal:
122			(A)	\$4 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
123				the first \$50 of each qualifying contribution;
124			(B)	\$3 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
125				the second \$50 of each qualifying contribution; and
126			(C)	\$2 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
127				the [remainder] third \$50 of each qualifying contribution;
128				and

129		<u>(I</u>	<u>D)</u>	\$1 for each dollar of a qualifying contribution received for
130				the remainder of each qualifying contribution.
131		(3) T	The t	otal public contribution payable to a certified candidate for
132		ei	ither	a primary or a general election must not exceed:
133		(<i>A</i>	A)	\$750,000 for a candidate for County Executive;
134		(H	B)	\$250,000 for a candidate for At Large Councilmember; and
135		(0	C)	\$125,000 for a candidate for District Councilmember.
136	(b)	<u>Non-ma</u>	itcha	ble contributions. The Director must not distribute matching
137		dollars f	from	the Fund to a certified candidate for:
138		(1) a	con	tribution from the candidate or the candidate's spouse; or
139		(2) ar	n in-	kind contribution of property, goods, or services.
140	(c)	<u>Qualifyi</u>	ing o	contribution limits. A certified candidate may continue to
141		collect	qual	ifying contributions and [receive] submit a request for a
142		matchin	ig pu	ablic contribution up to, and including, the day of a primary
143		or a gen	neral	election. A qualifying contribution must not exceed [\$150]
144		<u>\$250</u> fro	om a	ny individual in the aggregate during a 4-year election cycle.
145	(d)	<u>Availabi</u>	<u>ility</u>	of funds for distribution. On or before July 1 of the year
146		precedin	ng th	e primary election, the Director must determine if the amount
147		in the F	Fund	l is sufficient to meet the maximum public contributions
148		reasonal	bly e	expected to be required during the next election cycle. If the
149		Director	r det	ermines that the total amount available for distribution in the
150		Fund is	insu	ifficient to meet the allocations required by this Section, the
151		Director	r mu	st reduce each public contribution to a certified candidate by
152		the same	e pei	recentage of the total public contribution.
153	(e)	<u>General</u>	<u>l</u> elec	ction distributions. Within 3 business days after the County
154		Board o	certi	fies the results of the primary election, the Board must
155		authoriz	ze th	e Director to continue to disburse the appropriate public

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- contribution for the general election to each certified candidate who is certified to be on the ballot for the general election.
- (f) [Within 30 days after the County Board certifies the results of the primary election, a participating candidate who is not certified to be on the ballot for the general election must return any unspent money in the candidate's publicly funded campaign account to the Fund. Within 30 days after the County Board certifies the results of the general election, a participating candidate must return any unspent money in the candidate's publicly funded campaign account to the Fund.
- (g)] <u>Petition candidates.</u> A certified candidate nominated by petition may receive a public contribution for the general election if:
 - (1) the candidate's nomination is certified by the County Board; and
 - (2) the candidate did not participate in a primary election.
- [(h)] (g) <u>Receipts required.</u> A participating candidate must submit a receipt for each qualifying contribution to the Board to receive a public contribution. The Director must deposit the appropriate public contribution into a participating candidate's publicly funded campaign account within 3 business days after the Board authorizes the public contribution.
- [(i)] (h) <u>General election public contributions</u>. A candidate may receive a matching public contribution during the general election for an unmatched qualifying contribution received during the primary election after the candidate has received the maximum public contribution for the primary election if the candidate is otherwise eligible to receive matching public contributions during the general election.
- [(j)] (i) <u>Mistaken public contributions</u>. If the Director mistakenly distributes a public contribution to a candidate greater than the candidate was entitled to receive, the candidate must repay the funds mistakenly distributed

within 5 business days after being notified of the mistake. Any unspent funds returned to the County after an election may be used as a credit against any repayment required for a public contribution mistakenly received.

[(k)] (j) Consumer Price Index adjustment. The Chief Administrative Officer must adjust the public contribution limits established in Subsection (a)(3) and the eligible contribution limit established in Subsection (c), effective July 1, [2018] 2022, and July 1 of each subsequent fourth year, by the annual average increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for the previous 4 calendar years. The Chief Administrative Officer must calculate the adjustment to the nearest multiple of [10 dollars] \$10, and must publish the amount of this adjustment not later than March 1 of each fourth year.

16-24. Use of public contribution.

- (a) [A] Except as provided in Section 16-27, a participating candidate may only use the eligible contributions and the matching public contribution for a primary or general election for expenses incurred for the election. A participating candidate must not pay in advance for goods and services to be used after certification with non-qualifying contributions received before applying for certification unless the expenditure is permitted by Executive regulation adopted under Section 16-21.
- (b) A complaint alleging an impermissible receipt or use of funds by a participating candidate must be filed with the Board.
- (c) A participating candidate must provide the Board with reasonable access to the financial records of the candidate's publicly funded campaign account, upon request.

209	[(d)	Within 30 days after the County Board certifies the results of the general
210		election, a participating candidate must return to the Fund any unspent
211		money in the candidate's publicly funded campaign account.]
212	16-25. With	ndrawal.
213	(a)	A certified candidate may withdraw an application for a public
214		contribution any time before the public contribution is received by the
215		candidate's publicly funded campaign account.
216	(b)	A participating candidate may withdraw from participation if the
217		candidate:
218		(1) files a statement of withdrawal with the Board on a form prescribed
219		by the Board; and
220		(2) repays to the Fund the full amount of the public contribution
221		received, together with the applicable interest established by
222		regulation.
223	16-27. Retu	<u>rrn of unspent funds; retention of funds.</u>
224	<u>(a)</u>	Except as provided in subsection (b):
225		(1) within 90 days after the County Board certifies the results of the
226		primary election, a participating candidate who is not certified to
227		be on the ballot for the general election must return any unspent
228		money in the candidate's publicly funded campaign account to the
229		Fund; and
230		(2) within 90 days after the County Board certifies the results of the
231		general election, a participating candidate must return any unspent
232		money in the candidate's publicly funded campaign account to the
233		<u>Fund.</u>
234	<u>(b)</u>	A certified candidate may retain funds to pay for post-election expenses
235		<u>if:</u>

236		(1) the retained funds do not exceed \$5,000;
237		(2) the candidate files a new declaration of intent to participate in the
238		public campaign financing system for the 4-year next election
239		cycle by January 31 the year after the election; and
240		(3) keep the same campaign finance entity open.
241	<u>16-28.</u> <u>Aud</u>	<u>it.</u>
242	<u>(a)</u>	After a general election in an election cycle, the Executive must conduct
243		an audit of the financial activity of the public campaign financing system
244		including publicly funded campaign accounts, to ensure publicly funded
245		campaign accounts raised and spent funds in compliance with this
246		Article.
247	<u>(b)</u>	The Executive must adopt regulations that specify the scope of the audit
248		required by this Section.
249	16-29. Reg	<u>ulations.</u>
250	The 1	Executive, after consulting with the Board, must adopt regulations under
251	Method 1 th	nat specify:
252	<u>(a)</u>	how and when receipts for qualifying contributions from contributors
253		must be submitted to the Board;
254	<u>(b)</u>	the documents that must be filed with the Board for certification;
255	<u>(c)</u>	the allowable uses of money in a publicly funded campaign account;
256	<u>(d)</u>	the scope of the audit required in Section 16-28; and
257	<u>(e)</u>	other policies necessary to implement this Article.
258	[16-28] 16-	30. Penalties.
259	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Civil Violations.</u> Any violation of this Article is a Class A civil violation.
260		Each day a violation exists is a separate offense.
261	<u>(b)</u>	Payment. A fine may be paid by the campaign only if all public
262		contributions have been repaid to the Fund. Otherwise, the candidate or

263		office	er found to be responsible for the violation is personally liable for
264		the fi	ne.
265	<u>(c)</u>	<u>Addii</u>	tional penalties.
266		<u>(1)</u>	In addition to the penalty specified in Subsection 16-30(a), a
267			certified or participating candidate must withdraw from the public
268			campaign financing system if the candidate intentionally or
269			knowingly provides falsified information, misrepresents a material
270			fact, or conceals relevant information to the Board or Director
271			under this Article.
272		<u>(2)</u>	A candidate that must withdraw from the public campaign
273			financing system under (c)(1) must abide by the withdrawal
274			requirements in Section 16-25, including the repayment of any
275			public contribution received.
276	[16-27. Con	nmitte	ee to Recommend Funding for the] <u>16-31.</u> Public Election Fund
	~		
277	Committee	•	
277 278	Committee (a)		mittee established. The [Committee to Recommend Funding for the]
		<u>Com</u>	mittee established. The [Committee to Recommend Funding for the] c Election Fund Committee [consists of 5] is 7 members appointed
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278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287	(a)	Public by the first y end of days Mem. (1)	c Election Fund Committee [consists of 5] is 7 members appointed to County Council for a [four] 4-year term beginning on May 1 of the year of the Council's term of office. A vacancy occurring before the of a term must be filled by appointment for the remainder of the term. Council must ask the County Executive to recommend within 30 one or more qualified applicants before making any appointment. **Description** **Description*

290		(3) The members should reflect the diversity of the County.
291		(4) The Council must designate the chair and vice-chair.
292	(c)	<u>Compensation.</u> Each member must serve without compensation, but may
293		be reimbursed for [reasonable expenses] travel and dependent care
294		expenses.
295	(d)	<u>Duties.</u> The Committee must[issue a report to the Council on or before
296		March 1 of each year estimating]:
297		(1) estimate the funds necessary to implement the public campaign
298		finance system [and recommending an appropriation to the Public
299		Election Fund for the following fiscal year]; and
300		(2) <u>conduct public outreach and education activities to raise awareness</u>
301		of the public campaign financing system.
302	(e)	Annual report. The Committee must issue a report to the Council on or
303		before January 30 each year that:
304		(1) identifies the estimated funds necessary to implement the public
305		campaign financing system;
306		(2) recommends an appropriation to the Public Election Fund for the
307		following fiscal year; and
308		(3) the public outreach and education activities undertaken in the prior
309		calendar year.
310	<u>(f)</u>	<u>Staff support.</u> The Council Administrator must provide staff support for
311		the Committee.

LEGISLATIVE REQUEST REPORT

Bill 31-20

Public Campaign Financing - Amendments

DESCRIPTION: Bill 31-20 would:

> amend the County public campaign financing system; (1)

alter the maximum contribution limits; **(2)**

allow participating candidates to carryover certain funds (3) under certain circumstances;

require an audit of the public campaign financing system (4) after the general election in an election cycle;

alter the penalties for willful violations of the public (5) campaign financing system; and

generally amend the law governing elections for County (6) elective offices.

PROBLEM: The public campaign financing law was first used in the 2018 election

cycle. By all accounts, the Program was a success; however,

improvements are necessary.

GOALS AND To improve the public campaign financing law. **OBJECTIVES:**

COORDINATION: Department of Finance

FISCAL IMPACT: To be requested.

ECONOMIC To be requested.

To be researched. **EVALUATION:**

EXPERIENCE To be researched. **ELSEWHERE:**

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

IMPACT:

Amanda Mihill, Legislative Attorney (240) 777-7815

N/A APPLICATION

WITHIN **MUNICIPALITIES:**

PENALTIES: See §16-30

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Hearing

The Council held a public forum on the program on March 26 at which 11 speakers testified (see written testimony at ©28-47). Most speakers supported the Program generally and provided specific recommendations. A sampling of recommendations appear below:

- Allow an unaffiliated candidate or a candidate who runs unopposed in a primary to apply for certification at a later date (under current law, a candidate must apply for certification no later than 45 days before the primary election).
- Change single certification (one bite at the apple) rule.
- Audit the program.
- Allow only contributions from registered voters to count for matching funds.
- Clarify whether in kind contributions could toward the threshold amount required to qualify for public financing.
- Increase the maximum individual contribution limit/lower qualifying threshold/change matching funds.
- Increase in-kind donation limits/allow ticket fees as an in-kind donation.
- Informal slates should not be allowable.
- Committee conversation or allow contributions up to the traditional funding limit without penalty.
- Simplify the reporting system.

In addition to the hearing testimony, Common Cause Maryland submitted recommendations (©48-49) to:

- expand the responsibilities of the Committee to Recommend Funding to the Public Election Fund to include public education and engagement;
- increasing the number of seats on the Committee or ensure the Committee reflects the diversity of the County;
- allocate funds needed in the next budget cycle to implement House Bill 830, which mandates that jurisdictions that establish public campaign financing programs provide the necessary funding to staff the program; and
- support the PEF Committee's recommendation that \$7.2 million be provided for the 2022 election cycle.

Survey

Council President Navarro sent a survey to participants in the program, non-participants in the program, and community group seeking input as to their experiences during the inaugural cycle.

Participants

The survey the Council President sent to each campaign that participated in the program asked the following questions (see ©50-52):

- 1. Why did you choose to participate in the program (with multiple choice responses)?
- 2. Would you participate in the program in the future?
- 3. What problems, if any, did your campaign experience with the program (with multiple choice responses)?
- 4. Did the availability of the program influence your decision to run for office?
- 5. Was the availability of the program a positive or negative influence?
- 6. What changes do you feel would improve the process for the next election (with multiple choice responses?

The Council received responses from 11 campaigns. A summary follows; the entirety of responses is on ©53-64.

Question: Why did you choose to participate in the PEF Program?

Statement	Number of candidates agreeing with statement
Places a greater emphasis on small donors in the	10
election process	
Discourages special interest financing of elections	7
It is a step toward good government	8
Provides greater funding for campaigns	7
Other	3

Three candidates indicated other reasons they choose to participate in the PEF program:

- It was the most viable and accessible way for a low-income person to raise enough funds for a county-wide campaign.
- It was an opportunity to tap into networks and communities that might not have any interest in donating or had reservations about donating.
- Lacked network of large donors.

Question: What problems, if any, did your campaign experience with the PEF Program?

Statement	Number of candidates agreeing
	with statement
Computing matching amounts	5
Tallying small donations from the same individual	3
Burdensome standard of proof of residency	55
Administratively burdensome to upload individual donor	8
forms/receipts and link the documents in the transaction	
State online program was not user friendly	6
State staff were unavailable to timely answer inquiries	4
No problems	1
Other	5

Five candidates indicated other problems that they faced:

- State staff were sometimes unavailable, though they were trying hard to respond.
- The program was not written to be user friendly.
- Matching donors with pdfs could have been much easier if the pdfs were listed last in first.
- The program didn't account for addendums properly.
- State staff incorrectly calculated matching funds, resulting in the campaign needing to correct the total matching amount requests. This was due to a flaw in the online system.
- The applicability of in-kind donations to reaching the \$20,000 threshold was not documented in the summary guide.

Question: What changes do you feel would improve the process for the next election?

Statement	Number of
	candidates agreeing
	with statement
Lower threshold to qualify for matching funds	0
Increase the public matching amount	3
Increase the maximum donation amount	2
Allow participants the ability to correct their initial qualifying report	7
Provide participants a second opportunity during the cycle to qualify	5
for public funding (i.e., reconsider the "one bite at the apple" rule)	
Allow donors who gave the maximum in the primary to donate up to	7
the maximum allowable in the general	
Do not require publicly funded candidate to "shut down" their	1
public campaign account or return unused funds	
Additional training on the state software	2
Candidates in uncontested races should be eligible for some	3
matching funds	
Other changes	2

Two candidates indicated "other changes", but only 1 provided a written explanation: extend the time needed for candidates to close their public campaign account. It was not enough time to pay bills and meet the deadline.

Other survey insights

- 6 candidates stated that the availability of the program influenced their decision to run for office; 5 candidates stated that the program did not influence their decision to run.
- 10 candidates stated that they would participate in the program in the future; 1 candidate would not.

Other thoughts from participants

The questionnaire had a space allowing for other thoughts about the program. Candidates that had a response for this question and indicated a specific program change stated:

- The County should provide software to compute matching funds while accounting for a donor's previous donation.
- Donations from a candidate and candidate's spouse should be matchable.
- Do not lower the threshold to qualify.
- The public matching amount could be increased for Council at-large because it is a county-wide race (like the Executive race) and is expensive.
- Do more to inform County residents about the program and encourage them to participate.

Non-participants

The survey the Council President sent to each campaign that did not participate in the program asked the following questions (see ©65-66):

- 1. Why did you choose not to participate in the PEF Program?
- 2. Did the availability of the PEF Program influence your decision to run for office?
- 3. Was it a positive or negative influence?
- 4. What changes to the Program would make it more likely for you to participate in the PEF Program in the future?

The Council heard from one non-participant who indicated that they did not participate in the program because they did not think they could reach the \$20,000 minimum in donations. This candidate recommended that the minimum threshold be much lower than \$20,000 in donations.

Policy groups

The survey the Council President sent to various policy groups asked the following questions (see ©67-69):

- What worked well during this past election cycle as it relates to the PEF Program?
- What did not work well during this past election cycle as it relates to the PEF Program?
- Do you recommend any changes to the law to improve the PEF Program? What changes do you recommend?

• Do you recommend any non-law changes (staffing, software, funding) to improve the PEF Program? What changes do you recommend?

The Council received 28 responses to this survey. A sampling of responses follows; the entirety of responses is on ©70-75.

Question: What worked well during this past election cycle as it relates to the PEF Program?

- Many candidates raised more money than in previous election cycles without bowing to special interests.
- More candidates that normally would not run for office because of funding ran because of the Program.
- Brought more people, with diverse ideas, into politics.
- Appealing and comforting to choose from candidates who declined to seek big dollar backers.
- More diverse group of candidates.

Question: What did not work well during this past election cycle as it relates to the Program?

- It is better if all candidates use it.
- Playing field not level because wealthy candidates who opted out of the program could spend as much as they wanted, while those who opted in were hobbled by restrictions.
- Too many candidates.
- Unfair delays in funding.
- Program could have been more aggressively advertised and/or promoted.
- Candidates who won the primary were hurt that they did not get new money for the general election.

Question: Do you recommend changes to the law? What changes?

- The individual contribution limit should reset if a candidate is victorious in the primary.
- Make it more self-explanatory.
- To get wider participation, it should be included as an item on the property tax form.
- Brand candidates who are using the program. Make it more visible who is running a fair campaign.

Question: Do you recommend any non-law changes? What changes?

- Put together a "mistakes made" guide.
- A website that serves as a dashboard for all candidates and lists whether campaign contributions were following public finance, whether large donations disqualified them, or whether they failed to meet the participation threshold.
- Funding and more marketing to explain the program.